



राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश (असाधारण)

हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्यशासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

शिमला, शुक्रवार, २७ मई, १९६६/६ ज्येष्ठ, १८८८

GOVERNMENT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla-4, the 20th May, 1966

No. 10-49/66-CS.—A copy of the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture Order, dated the 21st March, 1966 as published in the Gazette of India (Extraordinary) part II, section 3, sub-section (1), dated the 21st March, 1966/Phalguna 30, 1887 saka is hereby republished in H. P. Rajpatra for the information of general public.

PARKASH CHAND,
Joint Secretary.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE (DEPARTMENT OF FOOD)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 21st March, 1966

G.S.R. 425.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that for maintaining supplies of adequate quantities of foodgrains, it is necessary so to do;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. Short title, extent and commencement.—(1) This Order may be called the Foodgrains (Prohibition of use in Manufacture of Starch) Order, 1966.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Order,—

(a) “foodgrains” means all foodgrains other than hybrid maize grown in India.

(b) “owner”, in relation to a starch factory, includes a person in charge of such factory;

(c) “starch factory” means any factory which manufactures starch.

3. *Foodgrains not to be used in starch factories.*—No owner of a starch factory shall use or cause to be used foodgrains for the manufacture of starch.

4. *Foodgrains not to be purchased by starch factories.*—No owner of a starch factory shall purchase or cause to be purchased foodgrains for use in the manufacture of starch in the starch factory.

5. *Power of entry, search, seizure, etc.*—(1) Any police officer not below the rank of Assistant Sub-Inspector or any other person authorised in this behalf by the Central Government or, within their respective jurisdiction, by a State Government or the Administrator of a Union territory may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order or to satisfying himself that this Order has been complied with,—

(i) enter upon and search or authorize any person to enter upon and search, any premises, any vehicle or vessel in which such person has reason to believe that any provision of this Order has been, is being or is about to be contravened.

(ii) seize or authorize the seizure of foodgrains in respect of which he has reason to believe that any provision of this Order has been, is being or is about to be contravened.

(2) The provisions of sections 102 and 103 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1893 (5 of 1893), relating to search and seizure shall, so far as may be, apply to searches and seizures under this clause.

6. *Repeal and saving.*—The Indian Maize (Prohibition of use in Manufacture of Starch) Order, 1959, and the Indian jowar (Prohibition of use in Manufacture of Starch) Order, 1965, are hereby repealed, except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

[No. 205(GENL.)(1)/871/66-PY. II]

R. BALASUBRAMANIAN,
Joint Secretary.